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Clinical history of reported case of borras fever at Trinidad.

HAVANA, CUBA, July 2, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of this Service for the week ended June 28, 1902:

OFFICE.

Number of vessels inspected and cleared for United States ports....	19
Number of crews of vessels inspected	1, 434
Number of passengers bound for United States ports inspected.....	468
Number of health certificates issued.....	13
Number of immune certificates issued	105
Number of applications for immune certificates rejected.....	13

SANATOR.

Number of vessels disinfected (steamers).....	2
Number of pieces of baggage disinfected.....	136
Number of passengers and crews inspected.....	78

SHORE PLANT.

Number of pieces of baggage disinfected	33
Number of pieces of express matter disinfected.....	11
Number of pieces of baggage inspected and passed.....	206
Number of pieces of express matter inspected and passed.....	11
Number of pieces of freight inspected and passed.....	1, 065

Mortuary report for the city of Havana, Cuba, for week ended June 28, 1902.

Disease—	Deaths.
Typhoid	5
Enteritis.....	9
Tuberculosis.....	14
Meningitis	12
Bronchitis.....	3
Pneumonia.....	4
Tetanus.....	1
Total deaths from all causes.....	116

The clinical history of the so-called case of "borras" fever at Trinidad, upon the south coast of Cuba, has been received since my last report. The patient, a boy aged 11 years, had one remission in temperature the beginning of the fourth day, black vomit, bloody stools, and death upon the sixth day of the disease.

No suspicious cases of yellow fever have been officially reported in Havana during the week, and all nonimmunes from foreign infected ports are being efficiently detained by the Cuban quarantine service, upon the lines inaugurated by the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN,
Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, June 30, 1902.

SIR: Through Surgeon Glennan, Havana, Cuba, I have the honor to submit herewith the following report for the week ended June 21, 1902:

Matanzas.—Fifteen deaths are recorded for the week, making the annual rate of mortality 16.02 per 1,000. The following causes of death are given: Enteritis, 2; nephritis, 1; meningitis, 1; tuberculosis, 1; pleurisy, 1; tetanus, infantile, 1; broncho-pneumonia, 1; arterio-

sclerosis, 1; hepatitis, 1; diseases of heart, 2; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; phosphorus poisoning, 1; carcinoma, 1. Seven bills of health were issued during this week. The vessels cleared were mentioned in last week's report, dated June 21, giving dates of clearance.

The following are the mortality reports of substations in the quarantine district:

Cardenas.—Tuberculosis pulmonum, 3; enteritis infectiosa, 2; dysentery, 2; hemorrhage, cerebral, 1; fibroma of uterus, 1; pyelo-nephritis, 1; pernicious malaria, 1; cancer of stomach, 1. Total, 12. Rate of mortality for the week, 25.20 per 1,000.

Isabela de Sagua.—Tetanus, infantile, 1; tetanus, traumatic, 1; enteritis, 1; other causes, 3. Total, 6. Rate of mortality, 14.67 per 1,000.

Caibarien.—Tubercular meningitis, 1; septic peritonitis, 1. Total, 2.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZZDORF,
Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

ENGLAND.

Reports from London.

LONDON, ENGLAND, *June 17, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended June 14, 1902, there were inspected and given bills of health at this port to 6 vessels, and 53 members of the crew and cattlemen were vaccinated.

For the week ended June 7, 1902, there were 49 deaths from smallpox in England, and of this number, 29 occurred in London. For the three preceding weeks the deaths were 37, 24, and 48. The admissions during the week were 188 cases against 233, 307, and 251 for the three preceding weeks. About 1,000 cases are now under treatment in the hospitals. This disease is certainly on the decrease in London, and as the warm weather approaches, it will probably be unnecessary to continue the inspection and vaccination of the crews very much longer.

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Respectfully,

JOHN McMULLEN,
Passed Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

LONDON, ENGLAND, *June 23, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended June 21, 1902: Ten vessels were inspected and received bills of health and 132 members of the crew and cattlemen were vaccinated. On 1 vessel of the Atlantic Transport Line the vaccination was performed by the ship's surgeon.

In the 76 great towns of England and Wales, there was a total of 45 deaths from smallpox, and of this number 29 occurred in London for the week ended June 14, 1902. For the three preceding weeks the deaths were 24, 48, and 29. The admissions during the week were 157 cases against 307, 251, and 188 for the three preceding weeks. The number of cases in hospital shows a corresponding decrease and should the decrease continue, it will probably be unnecessary to continue this work for more than about two weeks longer.

Respectfully,

JOHN McMULLEN,
Passed Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.